GREATER BOSTON GASTROENTEROLOGY

Lynne B. Ahn, M.D.

George Dickstein, M.D. FASGE

Steven N. Fine, M.D.

Andres D. Mogollon, M.D.

Jaime A. Oviedo, M.D. FACG

Greta Taitelbaum, M.D. CM FRCP(C) FACG

Phone: (508) 620-9200 Facsimile: (508) 620-6483 Website: http://www.greaterbostongi.com

<u>Please</u> read the materials in this packet as soon as you get them - do not wait until the day of your test. This is important because some of <u>preparation may begin as early as one week before the day of your test</u>.

You are scheduled for a procedure on:	at:	
Please report to the location checked below 4	5 minutes early at:	

MetroWest Medical Center 115 Lincoln Street Endoscopy Dept 1st Floor Framingham, MA 01702 Boston Endoscopy Center 175 Worcester Street Wellesley Hills, MA 02481 Charles River Endoscopy 571 Union Avenue Framingham, MA 01702

- 1. It is extremely important that you make arrangements to have a responsible adult available to take you home after your procedure. You may not drive yourself home after the test. If you take a cab, someone must ride home with you in the cab (in addition to the cab driver). This is a policy that is strictly enforced for your safety. No exceptions are made unless you plan to undergo the procedure without sedation. If you wish to do this, you should discuss with your doctor in advance.
- 2. You must have the entire day off, no working, no driving, and no plans. You will receive sedatives for your procedure. As you recover from the sedatives, you should not go back to work or school and you should not make important decisions. If you normally care for children or disabled relatives, get help with these responsibilities on the day of your test.
- 3. Important —Do not stop taking any medicine that a doctor has asked you to take without talking first with that doctor. He/she may want you to continue to take the medicine even during your preparation for procedure. If this is the case, please let us know as special arrangements, including a possible pre-procedure office visit may be necessary. Your prescribing physician may need to speak to one of our doctors. This is particularly important for patients on insulin or other diabetes medications and those on Pradaxa, Coumadin, Warfarin, Plavix, Eliquis, Xarelto, Apixaban, Dabigatran, Clopidogrel or Rivaroxaban. Do not assume that it is safe to stop one of these medications even if you have done so before.
- 4. A \$50.00 cancellation fee will be billed directly to the patient for any appointment not cancelled with a 48 hour notice.

When this procedure was scheduled, the insurance on file for you was:

If your insurance changes, you must notify the office at 508-620-9200 at least 14 days prior to your procedure. You will be responsible for any charges due to lack of correct insurance information.

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE ATTACHED FORMS AND BRING WITH YOU:

- 1. PRE PROCEDURE ASSESSMENT FORM
- 2. CURRENT MEDICATIONS LIST

PREPARATION FOR UPPER ENDOSCOPY

There are some very important facts that you need to be aware of:

- 1) If you take Coumadin or Warfarin, in general it will need to be discontinued 5 days before the procedure.
- 2) If you take Plavix or Clopidogrel, in general it will need to be discontinued 7 days before the procedure.
- 3) If you take **Pradaxa**, **Eliquis or Xarelto**, **Rivaroxaban**, **Apixaban or Dabigatran**, in general it will need to be <u>discontinued for</u> 2 days before the procedure (3 days if you are on dialysis).
- 4) Important do not stop taking any medicine that a doctor has asked you to take without talking first with that doctor. He/she may want you to continue to take the medicine even during your preparation for procedure. If this is the case, please let us know as special arrangements, including a possible pre-procedure office visit may be necessary. Your prescribing physician may need to speak to one of our doctors. This is particularly important for patients on insulin or other diabetes medications and those on Pradaxa, Coumadin, Warfarin, Plavix, Eliquis, Xarelto, Apixaban, Dabigatran, Clopidogrel or Rivaroxaban. . Do not assume that it is safe to stop one of these medications even if you have done so before.
- 5) <u>Important</u> you must notify the office if you take any narcotics like percocet, oxycodone, methadone, morphine and or suboxone.
- 6) You should continue taking all other regular medications, even on the day of the examination.
- 7) If you have **Diabetes**, preparing for a procedure involves some temporary changes in your diet. It is important that you know how to adjust your insulin or your oral medicines during this time.
 - If you take oral diabetes medication for your diabetes, you should not take it the day before or the night before your procedure. Please consult your doctor when to resume your oral diabetes medication after your procedure.
 - o If you take Insulin, you MUST consult the doctor who takes care of your diabetes for any temporary changes to your insulin dosing.

PREPARATION FOR ENDOSCOPY:

- No solid food or thick liquids after midnight (the night before your test). You may have <u>CLEAR LIQUIDS</u> only up to 4
 hours prior to your procedure. If you do not stop clear liquids 4 hours prior to your procedure, your procedure may be
 delayed or cancelled.
- The following items are those that may be used in a <u>CLEAR LIQUID</u> diet: Broth, Bouillon, Ginger ale, Sprite, 7-up, Apple juice, White grape juice, Water, Popsicles (no red or purple colored, no fruit or cream added) Black coffee or tea (may have sugar but no milk or cream)
- The examination will take approximately 30 minutes, but this may vary from patient to patient. After the examination is completed, you will spend approximately one hour in our recovery area
- Please keep in mind that this is an estimated appointment time. Because the time involved in each procedure is often unpredictable, and procedures are scheduled to follow each other consecutively; there are occasions when the schedule runs behind. Your patience and understanding are appreciated.

DAY AFTER EXAMINATION:

You can expect to resume normal activities again unless otherwise indicated. After the procedure, you will be given instructions about diet and medications.

INFORMATION REGARDING AN UPPER ENDOSCOPY

What is an upper endoscopy?

An upper endoscopy is a procedure which allows the doctor to examine the inside of the esophagus, stomach, and small intestine. It can reveal details not seen on x-ray.

What is an endoscope?

The endoscope is a flexible instrument with an optical system which allows the doctor to "see around corners". It has a "steering" mechanism by which the lenses can be pointed in any direction and "operating" channels through which biopsies can be taken and instruments passed, if necessary. A bright light illuminates the inside of the digestive tract after it has been inflated with air. Intestinal liquids can be removed through the instrument by suction, for better visualization.

How is the procedure performed?

The procedure is performed on an outpatient basis. You will be given intravenous medications (versed and fentanyl, or propofol. If propofol is administered it will be given by an anesthesiologist.) to make you sedated and comfortable. Prior to this, you will be given a gargle or spray to numb the throat.

You will be lying on your left side. If an abnormality is seen or suspected, a small portion or tissue (biopsy) may be removed for microscopic study. Small growths can frequently be removed (polypectomy) and vascular abnormalities can often be destroyed with an electrical current (electrocoagulation). The visual appearance of pertinent areas may be recorded on photographic film.

Can there be complications?

The risk of upper endoscopy complications is extremely small. Nevertheless, there is a possibility of perforation or hemorrhage or adverse reaction to medications. Also, as with any procedure, other unforeseen complications may rarely occur.

We hope this helps you understand better the procedure you are scheduled to have. If you have any further questions, please feel free to call us.

What is considered a CLEAR LIQUID?

The following items are those that may be used in a CLEAR LIQUID diet:

Broth, Bouillon, Ginger ale, Sprite, 7-up, Apple juice, White grape juice, Water, Popsicles (no red or purple colored, no fruit or cream added) Black coffee or tea (may have sugar but no milk or cream)